Reading 1 Handout The Economics Lowdown – The Labor Market

Vocabulary Assessments

I. Pronunciation

Directions: Identify the correct vowel sound of the **red** letter in each word.

- 1. Labor (the letter "a")
 - A. Long A
 - B. Long O
 - C. Short O
 - D. Short A
- 2. Equilibrium (the letter "i")
 - A. Long E
 - B. Long I
 - C. Short E
 - D. Short I
- 3. Substitution (the first letter "i")
 - A. Long E
 - B. Long I
 - C. Short E
 - D. Short I
- 4. Shift (the letter "i")
 - A. Long E
 - B. Long I
 - C. Short E
 - D. Short I
- 5. Cost (the letter "o")
 - A. Long A
 - B. Long O
 - C. Short O
 - D. Short A

II. Odd One Out

Directions: Identify the word that does not belong for each set of words.

- 1. **Labor**: job, employee, education, occupation
- 2. **Equilibrium**: balanced, unfair, equal, stable
- 3. **Substitution**: replacement, alternative, exchange, remain
- 4. **Shift**: change, constant, transition, adjustment
- 5. **Opportunity Cost**: demand, alternative, trade-off, choice

III. Complete the Sentence

Directions: Fill in the blanks with the appropriate vocabulary words.

Word Bank: substitution, equilibrium, shift, labor market, opportunity cost

1.	Have you participated in the	? If so, you've been actively looking
	for a job.	
2.	The	price is the point where the demand for labor meets the
	supply, resulting in a stable wage.	
3.	The	effect explains why people tend to work more when they are
	offered higher wages.	
4.	A	in the job market happens when there are sudden changes in
	the number of jobs available.	
5.	When deciding between work	king and relaxing, it's important to consider the
	-	the value of what you could have done instead.

Reading 1 Comprehension Check

Directions: Read the article and choose the correct answer for each question:

- 1. What is the labor market?
 - A. A place to buy and sell goods
 - B. A marketplace for jobs and workers
 - C. A financial institution
 - D. An educational institution
- 2. What is the "good" being bought and sold in the labor market?
 - A. Services
 - B. Goods
 - C. Labor
 - D. Tools and equipment
- 3. What happens in the labor market?
 - A. Individuals demand goods and services
 - B. Firms supply labor
 - C. Individuals supply labor
 - D. Firms demand goods and services
- 4. How does the supply of labor graph look?
 - A. Upward slope
 - B. Downward slope
 - C. Straight line
 - D. Circular pattern
- 5. What determines the demand for nurses?
 - A. The demand for goods and services
 - B. The substitution effect
 - C. The opportunity cost
 - D. The demand for healthcare services
- 6. What is one factor that affects the number of workers in given professions?
 - A. The equilibrium price
 - B. The substitution effect
 - C. The comparative attractiveness of jobs
 - D. The shift in the labor market

- 7. What should you do if you want to earn higher wages, according to the article?
 - A. Choose jobs with low demand.
 - B. Find professions with high demand and a small supply of qualified providers.
 - C. Stick to your current profession.
 - D. Avoid education and training opportunities.