

Health Literacy: Field Trip to a Hospital or Health Care Facility Project-Based Learning Lesson

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Lesson Background	NRS Levels
Health literacy curricula often culminate with a presentation of project-based activities. Such activities provide students with concrete, meaningful experiences that promote learning. They help students acquire and act upon new health knowledge and share that knowledge with others in their family and community.	Can be adapted to be used at any level

Recommendations for Direct Instruction

Like other project-based lessons, this lesson provides an outline for teachers to follow and decide what they want to pursue. This lesson identifies multiple standards, but because of its outline nature, the focal standard(s) would depend largely on teacher's design and goals of the project.

Project Title	Approximate Instruction Time
Field Trip to a Hospital or Health Care Facility	Dedicate an hour to kick off the activity and allow time for teams to tackle the first three or four stages of the project. Thereafter, schedule time over several weeks for team meetings and the final report-out. The students also will complete assigned independent work on their own time.

Instructional Objectives

(written in teacher language primarily derived from content standards and includes evidence of mastery):

By the end of this project, students will be able to:

- Process and analyze information to identify health information and services.
- Communicate with doctors, nurses, and other health professionals.
- Navigate the health care system to locate specific services within a local hospital.
- Share what they have learned with others in their community

Learning Target Statements

(written in student-friendly language and helps learners reflect on what they are able to do as a result of the project) for learners' exit tickets, learning logs, or reflection:

Content objectives:

- I can find specific services at a local hospital/health care facility.
- I can analyze information about a hospital or health care facility.

Language objectives:

- I can talk about my experiences with hospitals or other health care facilities.
- I can communicate with doctors, nurses, and other health care workers during a visit.
- I can collaborate with others to complete a project about our health care visit.
- I can present the results of my health care visit to an audience.
- I can adapt the language I use to match my audience.

Lesson Area	Lesson Information
ELA/Mathematics/ELP Standard(s) Addressed:	 College and Career Readiness Anchor Standards: S/L1: Engage in collaborative discussions. S/L2: Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats. S/L4: Present information using supporting evidence. W7: Conduct short research projects. W8: Gather relevant information from print and digital sources. R1: Read closely and cite evidence to support analysis of text.
Central Skills Taught:	 ☑ Adaptability and Willingness to Learn ☑ Communication ☐ Critical Thinking ☑ Interpersonal Skills ☑ Navigating Systems ☑ Problem Solving ☑ Processing and Analyzing Information ☑ Respecting Differences and Diversity ☑ Self-awareness
Language Demands: (Include academic language, language skills, etc.)	Since this project is a follow-up to a field trip, attention to the simple past tense is key (When we saw that department, I didn't understand what the nurse said about Did you take any notes about the emergency room process? I don't remember what the doctor said about When I asked the nurse, she told me) When talking with health care professionals and each other and also when reading and gathering additional information for the project, students may need vocabulary support and guidance in discerning reliable and useful information and in understanding the specific vocabulary related to hospitals, health care workers, and health care facilities. Examples might include department, wing, ward, ER, intake, lab, visiting hours, ICU, etc., as well as medical terminology (cardiology, pediatrics, neurology, radiology).

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	Academic discourse is required while teams coordinate, collaborate, and problem solve to complete and share their final products. For example, expressing the sequence of the process:
	While researches, I'll
	The next step will be to, but afterward, we had better
	At first, we all but eventually we
	Sentence frames for requesting support during the process may also be helpful:
	• I'm unsure how to
	I'm struggling with Can you help me?
	This is new to me. Could you explain how I?
Assessing Mastery of the	Proof of Learning:
Objective(s) and Central Skills:	☑ Via observation of a team task (e.g., discussion, work on project)
(Indicate <u>when</u> and <u>how</u>	□ Via team self-assessment
assessment – formative	☐ Via individual self-assessment
and/or summative - will occur during the project.)	☑ Via team product
occur during the project.	□ Via individual product
	□ Other (Please list):
	Proof of Learning Tools:
	□ Rubric
	□ Checklist
	□ Quiz

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	☑ Other (Please list): <u>Feedback form</u>
	Ongoing Formative Assessment
	□ Nonverbal responses to comprehension questions (e.g., answer cards, Kahoot!)
	□ Peer-to-peer quizzing
	□ Exit/admit tickets
	□ KWL charts
	☑ Other (Please list): Engagement with own health
Adaptations and/or Accommodations: (How will you increase access to the content of the project? Identify differentiation strategies.)	For lower level learners , use visuals, interactive word practice, and conversation tasks to introduce and practice vocabulary and ideas related to hospitals, health care, and the specific facility to be visited.
	Also, limit the options for the project to a reasonable choice, perhaps a poster or PowerPoint with a brief presentation. Scaffold intensely by providing a limited number of sources for the research and limiting the scope of the project and showcase. Assist groups in assigning each other more concrete roles, using a graphic organizer or other checklist, and assist with scheduling tasks to accomplish the work at a slower, more supported pace. Create regular checkpoints for each group to offer guidance and support.

Procedure	Description	Central Skills	Materials
Working collaboratively, the class chooses a topic based on a real-world issue affecting the learners' lives.	Students sometimes need to seek services at the local hospital, whether it be a planned procedure or emergency assistance. The hospital can be an overwhelming place, especially when there is a serious health concern. Also, some students have had a bad experience at a hospital or simply do not trust health professionals. Planning a site visit to a local hospital and reporting back to others in the class or program makes for an excellent health literacy unit and can raise and address concerns many students may have.	Processing and Analyzing Information	
	The students determine their line of inquiry.		
	What might be some obstacles to receiving high- quality, equitable health care?		
	What are some concrete actions the students can take to access health care services, have voice in their own health care, and see themselves as members of their own health care teams?		
Learners decide what they would like to create as a final product.	 The students determine the most suitable products. Teams first generate lists of possible products to develop to share what they learn with others (using a fact sheet, poster, PowerPoint presentation, or short video), or the teacher can share a list of possible final products that the students then choose from. Options are posted around the room on cards, and the students walk to the options that most appeal to them. Teams will present what they learned and their final product during a culminating class session that may 	Processing and Analyzing Information	 Notecards Tape or thumb tacks

Procedure	Description	Central Skills	Materials
	include only classmates or be open to others in the program.		
Learners determine the necessary resources for their project.	Initial review of possible sources of information. The students can share any past experiences they have had with the hospital, who was helpful to them, and what was difficult. Another source of information is the hospital's website or, possibly, guest speakers. The teacher might want to reach out to see if the hospital has a consumer health librarian or a community benefits officer willing to be a guest speaker or lead a tour of the hospital.	 Adaptability and Willingness to Learn Navigating Systems 	Laptops or ChromebooksWeb accessPaperPencils
	Brainstorm questions to ask a guest speaker (if one has been invited).		
	Brainstorm questions to ask when students visit the hospital. https://www.ahrq.gov/patients-consumers/patientinvolvement/index.html What questions do the students want to add? Questions to ask your doctor		
	The students can get more involved in their health care by asking questions before, during, and after the provision of health care. https://www.ahrq.gov/patients-consumers/patientinvolvement/index.html		
	Patient and clinical videos		
	The students can watch short videos of patients talking about how simple questions helped them take better care of themselves, feel better, and get the right care at the right time. https://www.ahrq.gov/patients-		

Procedure	Description	Central Skills	Materials
	consumers/patientinvolvement/ask-your-doctor/videos/index.html Tips and tools		
	This website offers 20 tips to help patients get safer care and prevent medical errors: https://www.ahrq.gov/patientsconsumers/care-planning/errors/20tips/index.html		
	This website describes how to be more involved in your health care and suggests questions to ask before, during, and after an appointment: https://www.ahrq.gov/patients/ask-your-doctor/tips-and-tools/beinvolved.html This website has an easy-to-read glossary to help patients understand health care terms:		

Procedure	Description	Central Skills	Materials
	The students take photos of public places at the hospital to include in final products. (They should avoid taking photos of people other than themselves.) They practice creating screenshots of online resources that could also be included. Following a tour of the hospital or in place of a tour, the students break up into groups of three and choose three locations within the hospital to go to (the cafeteria, the pharmacy, mammography services, etc.). The groups then report back on how easy or hard it was to find these locations.	 Problem Solving Processing and Analyzing Information Respecting Differences and Diversity 	
	Upon return from the hospital site visit, the students interview each other about their experiences. The students then ask questions based on their concerns or needs:		
	 What are seeming obstacles to receiving high- quality, equitable health care? 		
	How easy or difficult was it to find your way around and why? Were signs easy to follow?		
	To what extent does the hospital have inclusive practices (e.g., offer interpreter services, have signs in languages other than English)?		
	How welcome did you feel at the hospital? What contributed, positively or negatively, to your feeling the way you did?		

Procedure	Description	Central Skills	Materials
Groups carry out assigned work	The teacher provides supports such as the following:		
(continued)	In-class lessons on the appropriate register for calling or emailing a teacher or school principal to request a meeting or to organize a school visit.		
	Practice accessing and deciphering an online portal with student grades.		
	Preparation for a visit by developing questions to ask the guest as well as exploring concerns the students want to share; provision of listening tasks at time of the visit. (This could be a bilingual exercise, depending on the students' language backgrounds.)		
Teams create the final	Possible final products:	Adaptability and	Varies by
product, copyedit, and finalize for publication and presentation.	Booklet that includes a list of services provided at the hospital and a map for where to find those services	Willingness to Learn • Communication	project
p	Poster about asking questions before, during, and after any health care appointment, along with possible questions to ask during the appointment	NavigatingSystemsProblem Solving	
	Video showcasing students who have used hospital services, the positive experiences they had, and whom and what they found most helpful	 Processing and Analyzing Information 	
	Calendar of events that are offered by the hospital and open to the public (e.g., community health fairs, yoga classes, and free cancer screening events)		

Procedure	Description	Central Skills	Materials
	PowerPoint presentation on the students' experiences and best ways to overcome obstacles		
Teams share the final products.	Possible audiences: other students, teachers, administrator family members, and health professionals	CommunicationInterpersonalSkills	
	 Host an event to share the final products and invite other classes, teachers, administrators, and family members. 		
	Ask health professionals from the hospital to also come to the event.		
The project ends with self-assessment and assessment by one's peers.	Ultimately, success is measured by changes in the participation of the students in their own health care. Create an action plan based on what the students learned. Commit to two avenues they will explore to become more engaged in their own health care. Provide audience members with a feedback form. Collect and share the forms with the student presenters. What did you learn from the student presenters? What questions do you still have for the presenters? What could you do to become more engaged in	Self-awareness	Feedback form
	your own health care based on what you learned?		

The format of this task is adapted from Maximizing the benefits of project work in foreign language classrooms, by B. Alan and F. Stoller, 2005, *English Teaching Forum, 43*(4), 10–21; *Teaching adult English language learners: A practical introduction, by B. Parrish, 2019,* Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, England; Knowledge in action: The promise of project-based learning, by H. Wrigley, December 1998, *Focus on Basics, 2*(D), 13–18.